



Friday, November 5th, 2021

1:45 pm Mission overview and Team Assembly

You will be working as interdisciplinary teams of 6-7 students and 1 coach. The teams will work to solve a current and pressing question in biotechnology. Each team will work on the question the industrial coach poses. Teams will have 2 hours to work together with their coach to develop a solution. We encourage the speaker to serve as the coach, direct the students to undertake literature research and explore new and fascinating solutions to the posed question. We encourage the coach to guide the students and serve as an expert, but to ultimately allow the students to explore the area and develop their own solution. The students can use as much of this time as they like to prepare their group presentation in response to this question.

4:00 Team Presentations (5-7 min each team) and Award Ceremony

Each team will have 5 minutes to present both their team's problem and their proposed solution. Each team can share a slide(s) if they wish. Teams can decide to have a single spokesperson for the team or have each team member present on aspect of the presentation. There will be 10 minutes for judges and audience members to ask questions. Ultimately the teams will be judged by the speakers for the overall award. A "People's Choice Award" will also be selected by the audience.

2021 BioTech Battles Questions & Teams

Team 1: Michelle Lynn Hall

The power of nucleic-acid based therapies has recently been shown with (for example) the COVID-19 vaccine. The ability to deliver nucleic acids via a nanocarrier (e.g., lipid nanoparticles) has been shown successfully for the vaccine (intramuscularly) and to the liver (i.e., Alnylam's Onpattro via intravenous injection). How would you expand the utility of nucleic acid therapies by enabling their delivery to other tissues as well?

Team 2: Samantha Sarrett

Effective delivery of nucleic acid therapeutics to the central nervous system (CNS) is a multifaceted challenge, where the choice of nucleic acid cargo and route of administration dramatically impact a scientific strategy. If your goal is to enable widespread clinical success for nucleic acids in the CNS, what would you choose to focus on and why? Assume that in order to achieve this goal, you need to advance science – what would your first steps towards that scientific advancement look like?

Team 3: Robin Kleiman

Biotech Battle Question: Neuroscience Drug Discovery efforts have a higher failure rate than many other therapeutic areas. Among the contributing factors that lead to a higher failure rate is the difficulty in identifying translatable endpoints to study in preclinical disease models and the corresponding lack of quantitative biomarkers to monitor the severity or progression of disease. Select a neurodegenerative disorder and novel therapeutic target and design experiments that will demonstrate the preclinical efficacy on translatable endpoints as well as the proposed clinical biomarkers that you will measure to establish clinical proof of concept.

Team 4: Diana Mitrea

There is a growing appreciation that biomolecular condensates play roles in all aspects of biology and disease. It has been recently shown that drugs used regularly in the clinic can selectively concentrate particular condensates. How can this new insight help us improve the efficacy and safety of therapeutic agents in patients?

Team 5: Jan Stoehr

One of the major hurdles in drug development for neurodegenerative diseases is the translational value of in vitro/vivo model systems towards the human patient, which might lead to efficacy in preclinical models but failures in human trials. Many of the systems only model one aspect of a disease (protein aggregation), do not factor aging or suffer from species differences. What would be your proposal for a triaging strategy utilizing available preclinical model systems and human data to increase the translational probability of target discovery and drug mechanisms of action?

Team 6: Gilberto Soler-Llavina

You identify a high unmet medical need in a patient population suffering from a newly discovered disorder. You manage to persuade your Leadership (or convince investors) that it is scientifically sound and feasible to develop a drug to treat or cure this indication. Your potential sponsors are excited yet voice 2 general concerns: 1) the disease appears difficult to diagnose and 2) there is little known about the symptom development and progression in these patients. Obtaining support for this program is made contingent on the design and proposal of a roadmap to mitigate these 2 risks. What would this roadmap look like?

Team	Student		Affiliation	Program	Team
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